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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/363,523	07/29/1999	RAJARAO JAMMY	99-P-7722-US (8055-98)	8231	
7	. 03/27/2003				
F. CHAU & ASSOCIATES			EXAMINER		
SUITE 501	EAD TURNPIKE		ESTRADA, MICHELLE		
EAST MEADO	OW, NY 11554		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2823		
			DATE MAILED: 03/27/2003	DATE MAILED: 03/27/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1			<i>\</i>				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	,				
· Office Action Comments	09/363,523	JAMMY ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
The MAN INO DATE of this communication con	Michelle Estrada	2823					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover snee	with the correspondence addres	S				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may within the statutory minimum of will apply and will expire SIX (6) it ause the application to become	y a reply be timely filed thirty (30) days will be considered timely. MONTHS from the mailing date of this commune a ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 F	ebruary 2003 .						
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims	Ex parte Quayre, 1900	0.5. 11, 400 0.3. 210.					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,10-16 and 21-28</u> is/are pending i	n the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,10-16 and 21-28</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o Application Papers	r election requirement.						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ acce		ov the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to th							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	raminer.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigi	n priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a list.	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	je				
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	ic priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional app	olication).				
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest							
Attachment(s)	_						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice	iew Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)e of Informal Patent Application (PTO-15					

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DETAILED ACTION

The finality of the Office Action mailed 12/16/02 is withdrawn in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 and 21-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Wallace et al. (6,277,681) and the following comments.

Wallace et al. disclose providing a crystalline silicon substrate (1) with an exposed precleaned surface; removing a native oxide from the exposed surface; precleaning the exposed surface by employing a hydrogen prebake (Col. 2, lines 20-24); and exposing the exposed surface to nitrogen to grow a continuous crystalline silicon nitride layer (3) (Col. 3, lines 55-59); wherein the step of removing includes the step of employing a hydrogen fluoride wet clean process to remove native oxide from the exposed surface; wherein the hydrogen prebake is done under a temperature of 1100 °C which overlaps the temperature range of claim 4 and 24; wherein the hydrogen prebake is done under a pressure of about 10-9 Torr which overlaps the pressure range of claim 5 and 25; wherein the

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nitrogen precursor is ammonia; wherein the step of introducing ammonia is done at a temperature of 900 °C which overlaps the temperature recited in claim 7 and 27; wherein introducing ammonia is done under a pressure of 10⁻⁶ Torr which overlaps the pressure recited in claim 8.

Wallace et al. do not disclose a duration of delay between the cleaning steps, but it would have been a matter of routine optimization. Wallace et al. discloses the claimed invention except for the time delay between cleaning steps. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ a certain time of delay, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233.

In addition, the selection of a certain time delay, temperature range and pressure range, its obvious because it is a matter of determining optimum process conditions by routine experimentation with a limited number of species of result effective variables. These claims are prima facie obvious without showing that the claimed ranges achieve unexpected results relative to the prior art range. In re Woodruff, 16 USPQ2d 1935, 1937 (Fed. Cir. 1990). See also In re Huang, 40 USPQ2d 1685, 1688 (Fed. Cir. 1996)(claimed ranges or a result effective variable, which do not overlap the prior art ranges, are unpatentable unless they produce a new and unexpected result which is different in kind and not merely in degree from the results of the prior art). See also In re Boesch, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA) (discovery of optimum value of result effective variable in known process

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is ordinarily within skill or art) and In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233 (CCPA 1995) (selection of optimum ranges within prior art general conditions is obvious).

Note that the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed time delay, temperature range and pressure range or any unexpected results arising therefrom. Where patentability is said to be based upon particular chosen time delay or upon another variable recited in a claim, the Applicant must show that the chosen time delay is critical. *In re Woodruf*, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

Claims 10-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wallace et al. as applied to claims 1-8 and 21-28 above, and further in view of Wolf et al., Vol. 2.

Wallace et al. do not disclose making the capacitor in a trench.

Wolf et al. discloses making a capacitor in a trench (Wolf, Vol. 2, page 51) and pointed out three major purposes: "(1) to prevent latchup and to isolate n-channel from p-channel devices in a CMOS circuits; (2) to isolate the transistors of bipolar circuits; and (3) to serve as storage-capacitor structures in DRAMs".

It would have been within the scope of one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Wallace et al. and Wolf et al. to employ the process of Wolf to achieve the capacitor formation step of the combination.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michelle Estrada whose telephone number is

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(703) 308-0729. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Olik Chaudhuri can be reached on 703-306-2794. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-7722 for regular communications and 703-308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

George Fourson
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2823

MEstrada

March 21, 2003